CLAIMS

- 1. A method for the generation of transgenic plants of the genus Linum comprising
 - (a) introducing a recombinant DNA molecule comprising at least one selectable marker gene which confers resistance to at least one antibiotic into plant cells;
 - (b) induction of transgenic callus from the cells of (a); and
 - (c) regeneration of transgenic plants from the induced callus, wherein
 - (i) after callus induction and/or culturing the calli on a medium containing a first antibiotic
 - (ii) the calli or shoots regenerated therefrom are transferred onto a medium containing a second antibiotic which is different from the first antibiotic.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said plant is Linum usitatissimum.
- 3. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein said plant is flax or linseed.
- 4. The method of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein at least one of said first and second antibiotic are selected from the group consisting of kanamycin, paromycin, neomycin, gentamycin, G-418, streptomycin, spectinomycin and imidazole.
- 5. The method of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein said selectable marker gene encodes neomycin phosphotransferase, streptomycin phosphotransferase or aminoglycoside-3-adenyltransferase, or is a gene conferring resistance to imidazole.
- 6. The method of any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein said first antibiotic is kanamycin and said second antibiotic is G-418.

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- 7. The method of any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the concentration of said first antibiotic is in the range of 150 to 200 mg/l.
- 8. The method of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the concentration of said second antibiotic 40 to 100 mg/l.
- 9. The method of any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein said plant cells are comprised in the hypocotyl of plants.
- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein said plants are derived from synchronized germinating seeds.
- 11. The method of any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the recombinant DNA molecule is introduced by a method comprising:
 - (a) inoculation with Agrobacterium tumefaciens;
 - (b) particle bombardment; or
 - (c) microinjection.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein said inoculation with Agrobacterium tumefaciens is performed in the presence of acetosyringone.
- 13. The method of any one of claims 1 to 12, wherein said recombinant DNA molecule comprises a binary vector.
- 14. The method of any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein said medium containing said first antibiotic contains at least 0,05 mg/l auxin and at least 0,002 mg/l cytokinin.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein said auxin is NAA.
- 16. The method of claim 14 or 15, wherein said cytokinin is TDZ and/or BAP.

- 17. The method of any one of claims 14 to 16, wherein the concentration of auxin and cytokinin is TDZ (0,002 mg/l) and NAA (0,05 mg/l) or BAP (2 mg/l) and NAA (0.1 mg/l).
- 18. The method of any one of claims 1 to 17, wherein said medium containing said second antibiotic is substantially free of auxins and/or cytokinins.
- 19. The method of any one of claims 1 to 18, wherein the recombinant DNA molecule further comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide, peptide, antisense RNA, sense RNA, viral RNA or ribozyme.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein said nucleotide sequence is operatively linked to transcription and/or expression control sequences.
- 21. The method of any one of claims 1 to 20, wherein said recombinant DNA molecule comprises at least one further selectable and/or scorable marker gene.
- 22. Transgenic plant cells, callus, tissue or a plant obtainable by the method of any one of claims 1 to 21 or plant cells, callus, tissue or a plant derived therefrom comprising at least one recombinant DNA molecule.
- 23. Harvestable parts or propagation material of a plant of claim 22 comprising plant cells of claim 22.
- 24. Use of a recombinant DNA molecule as defined in any one of claims 1 to 21, Agrobacterium tumefaciens, antibiotics or hormones for the method of any one of claims 1 to 21.
- 25. Use of plant cells, plant tissue or plants of claim 22 for plant breeding, for a method for the identification of chemical and/or biological compounds, for the production of male and/or female sterile plants, disease-resistant plants, plants

with modified fiber composition or for plants with specific chemical or biological compounds produced tissue specifically.